students who are residents of the Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of the Marshall Islands, or the Republic of Palau.

- (j) Satisfies the Selective Service registration requirements contained in §668.37, and, if applicable, satisfies the requirements of §668.38 and §668.39 involving enrollment in telecommunication and correspondence courses and a study abroad program, respectively.
- (k) Satisfies the program specific requirements contained in—
- (1) 34 CFR 674.9 for the Federal Perkins Loan program;
  - (2) 34 CFR 675.9 for the FWS program; (3) 34 CFR 676.9 for the FSEOG pro-
- (3) 34 CFR 676.9 for the FSEOG program;
- (4) 34 CFR 682.201 for the FFEL programs;
- (5) 34 CFR 685.200 for the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan programs;
- (6) 34 CFR 690.75 for the Federal Pell Grant program;
- (7) 34 CFR 691.75 for the ACG and National SMART Grant programs;
- $(8)\ 34\ \mathrm{CFR}\ 692.40$  for the LEAP program; and
- (9) 34 CFR 686.11 for the TEACH Grant program.
  - (1) Is not ineligible under §668.40.
- (m) In the case of a student who has been convicted of, or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, a crime involving fraud in obtaining title IV, HEA program assistance, has completed the repayment of such assistance to:
  - (1) The Secretary; or
- (2) The holder, in the case of a title IV, HEA program loan.
- (n) Is enrolled in a comprehensive transition and postsecondary program under subpart O of this part and meets the student eligibility criteria in that subpart.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, 1091; 28 U.S.C. 3201(e))

[60 FR 61810, Dec. 1, 1995, as amended at 63 FR 40624, July 29, 1998; 64 FR 57358, Oct. 22, 1999; 64 FR 58291, Oct. 28, 1999; 67 FR 67073, Nov. 1, 2002; 71 FR 38002, July 3, 2006; 71 FR 45696, Aug. 9, 2006; 73 FR 35493, June 23, 2008; 74 FR 20221, May 1, 2009; 74 FR 55942, Oct. 29, 2009; 75 FR 66952, Oct. 29, 20101

## § 668.33 Citizenship and residency requirements.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, to be eligible to re-

- ceive title IV, HEA program assistance, a student must—
- (1) Be a citizen or national of the United States; or
- (2) Provide evidence from the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service that he or she—
- (i) Is a permanent resident of the United States; or
- (ii) Is in the United States for other than a temporary purpose with the intention of becoming a citizen or permanent resident;
- (b)(1) A citizen of the Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of the Marshall Islands, or the Republic of Palau is eligible to receive funds under the FWS, FSEOG, and Federal Pell Grant programs if the student attends an eligible institution in a State, or a public or nonprofit private eligible institution of higher education in those jurisdictions.
- (2) A student who satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section is eligible to receive funds under the FWS, FSEOG, and Federal Pell Grant programs if the student attends a public or nonprofit private eligible institution of higher education in the Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of the Marshall Islands, or the Republic of Palau.
- (c)(1) If a student asserts that he or she is a citizen of the United States on the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), the Secretary attempts to confirm that assertion under a data match with the Social Security Administration. If the Social Security Administration confirms the student's citizenship, the Secretary reports that confirmation to the institution and the student.
- (2) If the Social Security Administration does not confirm the student's citizenship assertion under the data match with the Secretary, the student can establish U.S. citizenship by submitting documentary evidence of that status to the institution. Before denying title IV, HEA assistance to a student for failing to establish citizenship, an institution must give a student at

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least 30 days notice to produce evidence of U.S. citizenship.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091, 5 U.S.C. 552a)

[52 FR 45727, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 71 FR 38002, July 3, 2006; 74 FR 20221, May 1, 2009]

## § 668.34 Satisfactory academic progress.

- (a) Satisfactory academic progress policy. An institution must establish a reasonable satisfactory academic progress policy for determining whether an otherwise eligible student is making satisfactory academic progress in his or her educational program and may receive assistance under the title IV, HEA programs. The Secretary considers the institution's policy to be reasonable if—
- (1) The policy is at least as strict as the policy the institution applies to a student who is not receiving assistance under the title IV, HEA programs;
- (2) The policy provides for consistent application of standards to all students within categories of students, e.g., full-time, part-time, undergraduate, and graduate students, and educational programs established by the institution:
- (3) The policy provides that a student's academic progress is evaluated—
- (i) At the end of each payment period if the educational program is either one academic year in length or shorter than an academic year; or
- (ii) For all other educational programs, at the end of each payment period or at least annually to correspond with the end of a payment period:
- (4)(i) The policy specifies the grade point average (GPA) that a student must achieve at each evaluation, or if a GPA is not an appropriate qualitative measure, a comparable assessment measured against a norm; and
- (ii) If a student is enrolled in an educational program of more than two academic years, the policy specifies that at the end of the second academic year, the student must have a GPA of at least a "C" or its equivalent, or have academic standing consistent with the institution's requirements for graduation:
- (5)(i) The policy specifies the pace at which a student must progress through his or her educational program to en-

- sure that the student will complete the program within the maximum timeframe, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section, and provides for measurement of the student's progress at each evaluation; and
- (ii) An institution calculates the pace at which the student is progressing by dividing the cumulative number of hours the student has successfully completed by the cumulative number of hours the student has attempted. In making this calculation, the institution is not required to include remedial courses:
- (6) The policy describes how a student's GPA and pace of completion are affected by course incompletes, withdrawals, or repetitions, or transfers of credit from other institutions. Credit hours from another institution that are accepted toward the student's educational program must count as both attempted and completed hours:
- (7) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, the policy provides that, at the time of each evaluation, a student who has not achieved the required GPA, or who is not successfully completing his or her educational program at the required pace, is no longer eligible to receive assistance under the title IV, HEA programs:
- (8) If the institution places students on financial aid warning, or on financial aid probation, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section, the policy describes these statuses and that—
- (i) A student on financial aid warning may continue to receive assistance under the title IV, HEA programs for one payment period despite a determination that the student is not making satisfactory academic progress. Financial aid warning status may be assigned without an appeal or other action by the student; and
- (ii) A student on financial aid probation may receive title IV, HEA program funds for one payment period. While a student is on financial aid probation, the institution may require the student to fulfill specific terms and conditions such as taking a reduced course load or enrolling in specific courses. At the end of one payment period on financial aid probation, the student must meet the institution's satisfactory academic progress standards or